

#### CONTAMINATION ASSESSMENT REPORT ADDENDUM

#### SITE 4, UST 110 NAVAL AVIATION DEPOT

## NAVAL AIR STATION PENSACOLA, FLORIDA

**Unit Identification Code: N00204** 

Contract No. N62467-89-D-0317/008

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August 1995

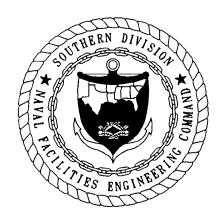


## CERTIFICATION OF TECHNICAL DATA CONFORMITY (MAY 1987)

The Contractor, ABB Environmental Services, Inc., hereby certifies that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, the technical data delivered herewith under Contract No. N62467-89-D-0317/008 are complete and accurate and comply with all requirements of this contract.

DATE:		Aug	gust 16, 199	95	
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(DFAR 252.227-7036)



#### **FOREWORD**

To meet its mission objectives, the U.S. Navy performs a variety of operations, some requiring the use, handling, storage, or disposal of hazardous materials. Through accidental spills and leaks and conventional methods of past disposal, hazardous materials may have entered the environment in ways unacceptable by today's standards. With growing knowledge of the long-term effects of hazardous materials on the environment, the Department of Defense (DOD) initiated various programs to investigate and remediate conditions related to suspected past releases of hazardous materials at their facilities.

One of these programs is the Comprehensive Long-Term Environmental Action, Navy (CLEAN) Underground Storage Tank (UST) program. This program complies with Subtitle I of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act and the Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments of 1984. In addition, the UST program complies with all appropriate State and local storage tank regulations as they pertain to each naval facility.

The UST program includes the following activities:

- registration and management of Navy and Marine Corps storage tank systems,
- contamination assessment planning,
- site field investigations,
- preparation of contamination assessment reports,
- remedial (corrective) action planning,
- implementation of the remedial action plans, and
- tank and pipeline closures.

The Southern Division, Naval Facilities Engineering Command (SOUTHNAVFACENGCOM) manages the UST program, and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) and the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP; formerly Florida Department of Environmental Regulation) oversee the Navy UST program at Naval Aviation Depot (NADEP) Pensacola.

Questions regarding the UST program at NADEP Pensacola should be addressed to Mr. Byas Glover, SOUTHNAVFACENGCOM, Code 18410, at (803) 743-0651.

#### ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

In preparing this report, the Underground Storage Tank Section (UST) of the Comprehensive Long-Term Environmental Action, Navy (CLEAN) Group at ABB Environmental Services, Inc. (ABB-ES), commends the support, assistance, and cooperation provided by the personnel at Naval Aviation Depot, Naval Air Station, Pensacola, Florida, and Southern Division, Naval Facilities Engineering Command.

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#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

#### Contamination Assessment Report Addendum Site 4 - UST 110, Naval Aviation Depot Pensacola, Florida

<u>Sect</u>	ion					Tit1	.e											]	age	No.
1.0	SITE	BACKGROU	JND AND I	DESCI	RIPTI	ON .	• •	• •		•						•				1-1
2.0	CONTA	MINATION	N ASSESSI	MENT	RESU	LTS .														2-1
	2.1	SOIL A	SSESSME	NT R	ESULT	S											•			2-1
		2.1.1	Initial	Soi	l Ass	essmen	t.									•	•			2-1
		2.1.2	Confirma	atory	y Soi	l Asse	ssme	nt												2-4
	2.2		WATER AS																	2-4
			Temporar																	
		2.2.2	Permaner	nt Mo	onito	ring W	ell 1	Resu:	lts	•			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	2-7
3.0	SUMMA	RY, CONC	CLUSIONS	, ANI	) REC	OMMEND	ATIO	NS												3-1
	3.1		XY																	3-1
	3.2		ISIONS .																	3-1
	3.3	RECOMM	IENDATION	NS .		:				•	•			•	•		•	•		3-2
4.0	PROFE	SSIONAL	REVIEW (	CERT	IFICA'	TION		• •												4-1
REFE	RENCES																			
APPE	NDIX																			
•	Appe	ndix A:	GTES Co	orres	spond	ence														
		ndix B:		ogic	Logs															
		ndix C:		_	•	•														
	Appe	ndix D:	Laborat	tory	Anal	ytical	Data	a for	r G	roı	ınd	lwa	te	r						

#### LIST OF FIGURES

#### Contamination Assessment Report Addendum Site 4 - UST 110, Naval Aviation Depot Pensacola, Florida

Figure	e Title	Page	No.
1-1	Site Location Map		1-2
1-2	Site Plan		1-3
1-3	NTTC Facilities at Site 4		1-4
2-1	Closure Assessment Soil Boring Locations and Analytical Result	cs,	
	October 1994		2-3
2 - 2	Confirmatory Soil Sample Locations and Analytical Results		2-6
2-3	Temporary Monitoring Well Location and Analytical Results		2-9

#### LIST OF TABLES

<u>Table</u>	Title	Page	No.
2-1	Summary of Lithologic Soil Boring Data,		
	September 1994		2-2
2 - 2	Summary of Soil Sample Analytical Results		
	October 1994 through April 1995		2 - 5
2-3	Summary of Groundwater Analytical Results		
	March 29, 1995		2 - 8

#### GLOSSARY

ABB Environmental Services, Inc. ABB-ES

AVGAS aviation gasoline

BET Bechtel Environmental, Inc. below detection limits bdl bls below land surface

Base Realignment and Closure BRAC

CA contamination assessment

CAR Contamination Assessment Report CFR Code of Federal Regulations

Comprehensive Long-Term Environmental Action, Navy CLEAN

CompQAP Comprehensive Quality Assurance Plan

CTO Contract Task Order

Department of Defense DOD

FAC Florida Administrative Code

FDEP Florida Department of Environmental Protection

**GTES** GT Environmental Services

NA not analyzed

Naval Aviation Depot NADEP NAS Naval Air Station ND

not detected

No Further Action Plan NFAP

NTTC Naval Technical Training Command

AVO organic vapor analyzer

PAH polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons

ppb parts per billion parts per million ppm

SOUTHNAV-Southern Division, Naval Facilities Engineering Command

FACENGCOM

TRPH total recoverable petroleum hydrocarbons

**USEPA** U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

UST underground storage tank

VOA volatile organic aromatics VOC volatile organic compound VOH volatile organic halocarbons

 $yd^3$ cubic yard

#### 1.0 SITE BACKGROUND AND DESCRIPTION

Site 4 is located on the northwestern edge of Chevalier Field, Naval Aviation Depot (NADEP), Pensacola, Florida (Figure 1-1). It is the former location of a 500-gallon underground storage tank (UST) associated with the aviation gasoline (AVGAS) pipeline (Figure 1-2). The tank, designated UST 110, was situated next to Industrial Road on the east side of Building 3819. The tank was constructed of unprotected steel and installed next to a steel containment area referred to by site personnel as an "oil pit." At the time of removal, the "oil pit" contained a variety of piping, valves, and a rubber hose on a steel reel. The pit was covered with a concrete cap at the time of removal. The purpose of the pit is uncertain, although the suspected usage was to dispense lube oil and air during aircraft maintenance.

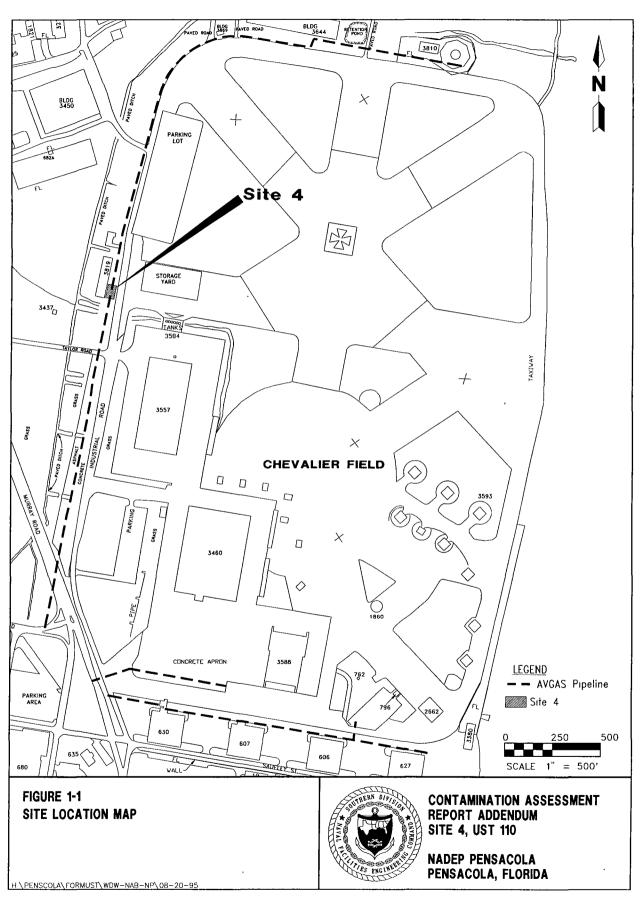
UST 110 was removed in September 1994 by Phoenix Construction Company and their subcontractor, GT Environmental Services, Inc. (GTES). During the tank removal operations a visual observation of soil contamination was reported by GTES personnel. No confirmatory samples were collected by GTES. Subsequent to the UST removal, all excavated soil was returned to the excavation. A copy of the GTES letter summarizing their findings is included in Appendix A of this report.

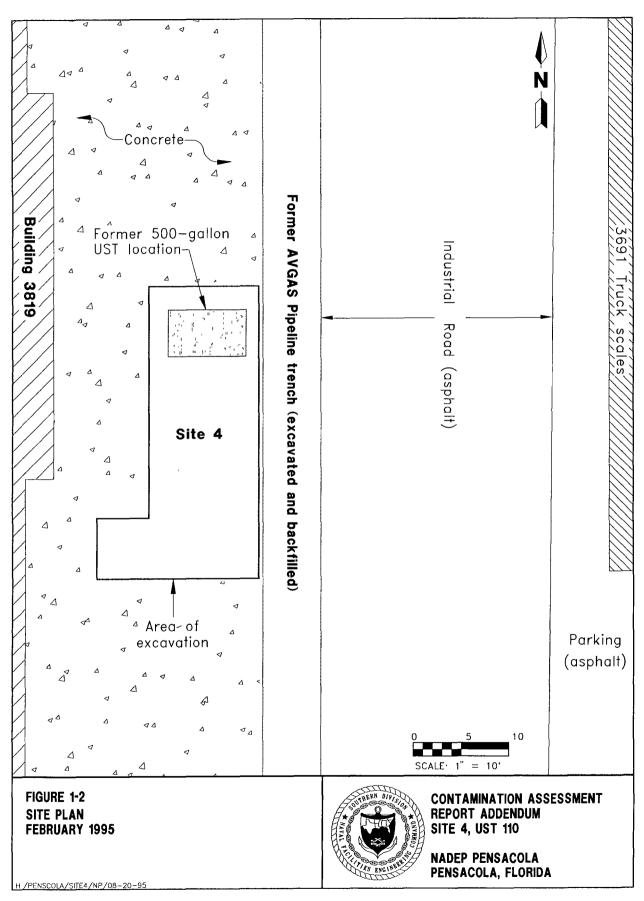
The UST site was transferred to ABB Environmental Services, Inc. (ABB-ES), for closure in late September 1994. The closure report for UST 110 is presented in Appendix A of the AVGAS Pipeline Area Contamination Assessment Report (CAR) submitted by ABB-ES in August 1995. Because visual observation of soil contamination had been reported, a Discharge Reporting Form was filed with the closure report. The Discharge Reporting Form is also included in Appendix A of the August 1995 AVGAS Pipeline CAR.

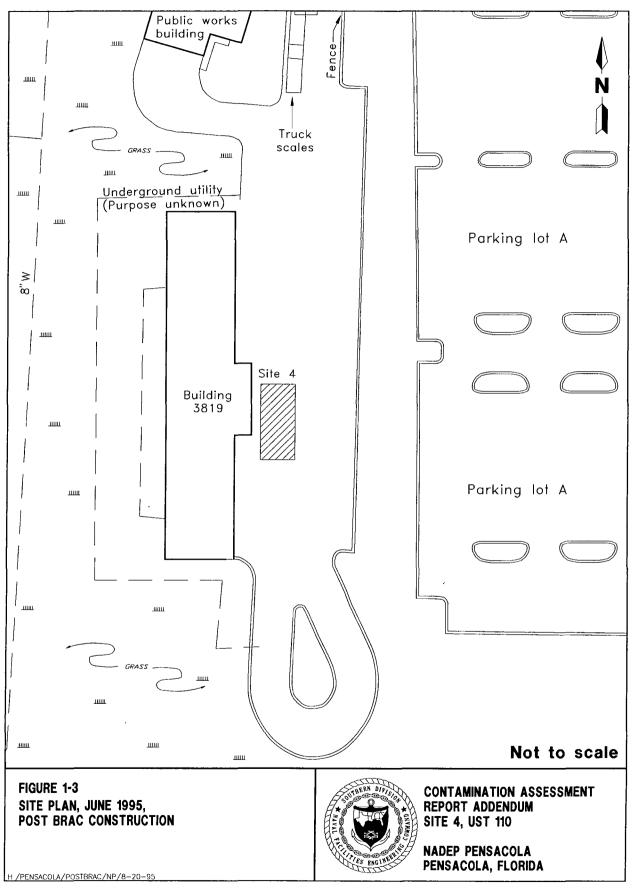
In January 1995, the demolition of Chevalier Field commenced. The airfield and many of its associated facilities are being demolished as part of the Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) program. A Naval Technical Training Center (NTTC) is being constructed on the former airfield. Figure 1-3 presents a map of the future facilities at NTTC in the Site 4 area.

As a result of BRAC construction, Site 4 underwent drastic changes during the course of this investigation, including the addition of enough fill dirt to raise the elevation three to four feet above the former site elevation. The maps included in this report present the Site 4 area as it was prior to demolition and construction. Changes occurring in the site area that affected the investigation are discussed in the text of this report.

This report summarizes the data gathered during the Site 4 UST 110 closure and preliminary contamination assessment (CA). General information such as regional and local physiography, regional hydrology, investigative methodologies, and procedures are included in the August 1995 AVGAS Pipeline Area CAR.







#### 2.0 CONTAMINATION ASSESSMENT RESULTS

2.1 SOIL ASSESSMENT RESULTS. All laboratory analytical soil samples were collected in accordance with ABB-ES' approved Comprehensive Quality Assurance Plan (CompQAP) using a hand-operated auger. Samples were placed in the appropriate containers, labeled, packed in ice, and shipped by overnight carrier to Quanterra Environmental Services in Tampa, Florida, for analysis.

2.1.1 Initial Soil Assessment On October 11, 1994, ABB-ES personnel advanced eight soil borings (04B001 through 04B008) around the perimeter of the UST excavation area with a stainless steel hand-operated auger. The purpose of these borings was to gather lithologic information and visually inspect the soil around the excavation for contamination. Additionally, one soil sample was collected from each soil boring for organic vapor analyzer (OVA) headspace analysis. Table 2-1 summarizes the data collected from these soil borings. Figure 2-1 presents the lithologic soil boring locations and OVA screening results. Lithologic logs are presented in Appendix B of this report.

Visual inspection revealed a layer of an unidentified black creamy substance approximately 2 inches thick in soil boring 04B004 at 2 feet below land surface (bls). Three additional soil borings, 04B006 through 04B008, were advanced around 04B004 to estimate the lateral extent of this layer. Two black layers, each less than ½-inch thick, were present in soil boring 04B008 at 2 feet bls. The black layer was not observed in any other soil boring. Two samples of this material, 04B00401 collected from 04B004 and 04B00801 collected from 04B008, were packed on ice and shipped to Quanterra Environmental Services for analysis by United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) Method 418.1, for total recoverable petroleum hydrocarbons (TRPH). A TRPH concentration of 17.3 parts per million (ppm) was detected in sample 04B00401. The TRPH concentration detected in sample 04B00801 was below method detection limits. The laboratory data sheets for these and all other soil samples are presented in Appendix C of this report.

No soil staining was observed in any soil boring. OVA results from the eight soil borings indicated no volatile organic compound (VOC) concentrations greater than 3 ppm.

On October 26, 1994, a composite soil sample, 04B00901, was collected from the soil which had been returned to the Site 4 excavation area during the UST removal in September 1994. This sample was composited from five aliquots collected from each corner and the center of the UST excavation area from 1.5 to 2 feet bls. Soil sample 04B00901 was analyzed for total metals, volatile organics, extractable organics, and TRPH in accordance with the Used Oil analytical group criteria described in Chapter 62-770.600(8) Florida Administrative Code (FAC). Figure 2-1 presents the composite soil sampling locations and the analytical results of 04B00901.

Volatile organic aromatic (VOA) and polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbon (PAH) concentrations were below method detection limits for soil sample 04B00901. The detection limits for the PAHs were elevated to 1,700 parts per billion (ppb), however, due to matrix interference. A TRPH concentration of 149 ppm was detected in the soil sample. Although PAH and VOA concentrations were below detection limits, the PAH detection limits were elevated and a TRPH clean soil

#### Table 2-1 Summary of Lithologic Soil Boring Data, September 1994

Contamination Assessment Report Addendum Site 4 - UST 110, Naval Aviation Depot Pensacola, Florida

Soil Boring Designation	Sample Depth (feet bls)	Unfiltered OVA Reading <sup>1</sup> (ppm)	Physical Observations
04B001	0.5 to 1.0	3	No staining, no petroleum odor
04B002	0.3 to 0.8	<1	No staining, no petroleum odor
04B003	0.5 to 1.0	<1	No staining, no petroleum odor
04B004	0.5 to 1.0	<1	Black staining with "greasy" texture, no petroleum odor, collected TRPH sample: 17.3 ppm
04B005	0.5 to 1.0	<1	No staining, no petroleum odor
04B006	1.0 to 1.5	<1	No staining, no petroleum odor
04B007	0.5 to 1.0	<1	No staining, no petroleum odor
04B008	1.0 to 1.5	<1	Black staining with "greasy" texture, no petroleum odor, collected TRPH sample: below detection limits

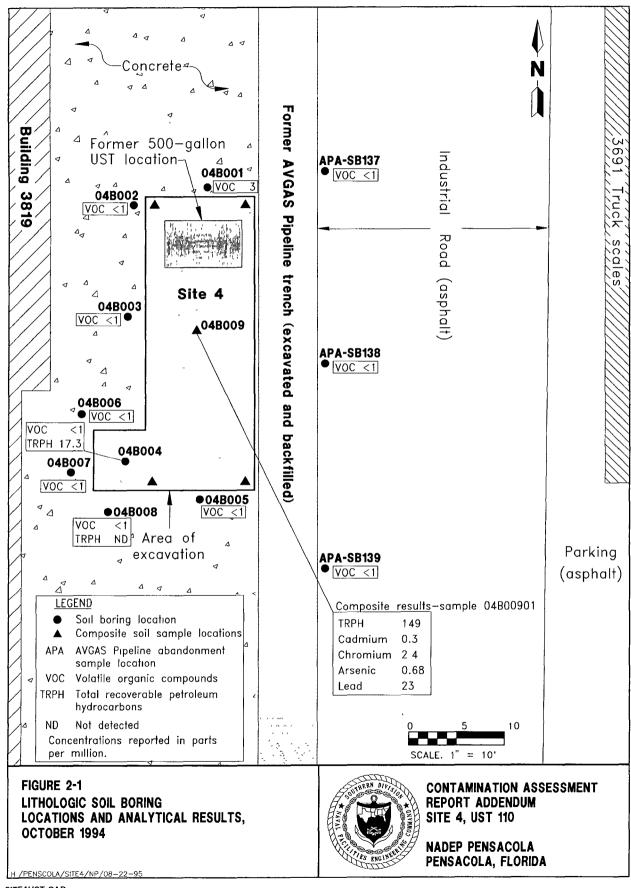
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Filtered readings were not taken due to the very low volatile concentrations encountered at the sites.

Notes: bls = below land surface.

OVA = organic vapor analyzer.

ppm = parts per million.

TRPH = total recoverable petroleum hydrocarbons.



maximum concentration of 10 ppm was applied according to Chapter 62-775.400 FAC. Cadmium, chromium, arsenic, and lead concentrations were below their respective State maximum concentrations.

On January 23, 1995, excessively contaminated soil from the former location of UST 110 was removed by Bechtel Environmental, Inc. (BEI). The excavation area is shown on Figure 1-2. Approximately 31 cubic yards (yd³) of soil were removed from an area approximately 30 feet by 11 feet. Excavation continued until the water table was reached at 2.5 feet bls. The soil removed from the site primarily consisted of fine-grained, well sorted sand, ranging in color from very pale orange to moderate reddish orange. ABB-ES personnel present during the excavation reported no stained soil. Two layers of the black substance previously discussed were present in the southern section of the excavation near boring locations 04B007 and 04B008. The layers were present at 2 feet bls and each layer was less than ½-inch thick. BEI was unable to continue excavating on the west wall due the proximity of Building 3819.

Site 4 soil was stockpiled with soil excavated from other lube-oil USTs during BEI excavation activities at Chevalier Field. In May 1995, the stockpiled soil was removed from the base and taken to a thermal treatment facility. Contaminated soil transportation manifests were included in the Initial Remedial Action Summary Letter submitted to the Florida Department of Environmental Protection by ABB-ES on June 2, 1995.

2.1.2 Confirmatory Soil Assessment On April 11, 1995, four confirmatory soil samples, 04B01002 through 04B01302, were collected from soil boring locations 04B010 through 04B013, respectively. These soil samples were collected from 1.0 foot bls. All four samples were analyzed for TRPH, arsenic, cadmium, chromium, and lead, according to Chapter 62-770.600 FAC. Table 2-2 summarizes the confirmatory sampling results. Figure 2-2 presents confirmatory sample locations and laboratory analytical results.

TRPH was detected in all four soil samples. TRPH concentrations detected in soil samples 04B01002 (73.1 ppm), 04B01202 (205 ppm), and 04B01302 (31.0 ppm) exceeded the State clean soil maximum concentration of 10 ppm for TRPH. No cadmium, chromium, arsenic, or lead concentrations detected in any soil sample exceeded State clean soil maximum concentrations.

At the time these soil samples were collected, BRAC construction was underway in the Site 4 area. All concrete around Building 3819 had been removed in March 1995. Also, Industrial Road had been demolished by removing the asphalt surface and grinding up the asphalt sub-base material. The asphalt sub-base material had been mixed into the surrounding soil and spread approximately 1 foot deep over the entire site area. The demolition and construction activities and high water table conditions (about 6 inches above previous observations) in April 1995 made it impossible to collect dry, asphalt-free soil samples that were representative of site conditions.

2.2 GROUNDWATER ASSESSMENT RESULTS. Two monitoring wells were installed in the Site 4 source area. On January 23, 1995, one temporary monitoring well, 04Z001, was installed to a depth of 4.5 feet bls. On February 4, 1995, one permanent monitoring well, 04G001, was installed to replace the temporary well. Groundwater samples from monitoring wells 04Z001 and 04G001 were collected on

#### Table 2-2 Summary of Soil Sample Analytical Results October 1994 through April 1995

Contamination Assessment Report Addendum Site 4 - UST 110, Naval Aviation Depot Pensacola, Florida

Contaminant		Soil Sample Designation						Clean Soil <sup>1</sup>	
	110-SB4	110-SB8	04B00901	04B01002	04B01102	04B01202	04B01302	Maximum Concentration	
Volatile Organic Aro	matics (VOA). R	eported in part	s per billion (ppl	o).					
Total VOA	NA	NA	BDL	NA	NA	NA	NA	100	
Polynuclear Aromati	c Hydrocarbons (	PAH). Reporte	ed in ppb.						
Total PAH	NA	NA	BDL	NA	NA	NA	NA	1000	
Total Recoverable P	etroleum Hydroca	rbons (TRPH).	Reported in pa	rts per million (p	pm).				
TRPH	17.3	<6.1	149	73.1	8.8	205	31.0	10²	
Total Metals. Repor	ted in milligrams	per kilogram (ı	ng/kg).						
Cadmium	NA	NA	0.30 J	< 0.58	< 0.51	< 0.52	< 0.53	37	
Chromium	NA	NA	2.4 J	< 2.9	<2.6	<2.6	<2.7	50	
Arsenic	NA	NA	0.68	<0.29	< 0.26	0.60	<0 27	10	
Lead	NA	NA	23	<2.9	<2.6	3.8	<2.7	108	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Chapter 62-775.400 Florida Administrative Code.

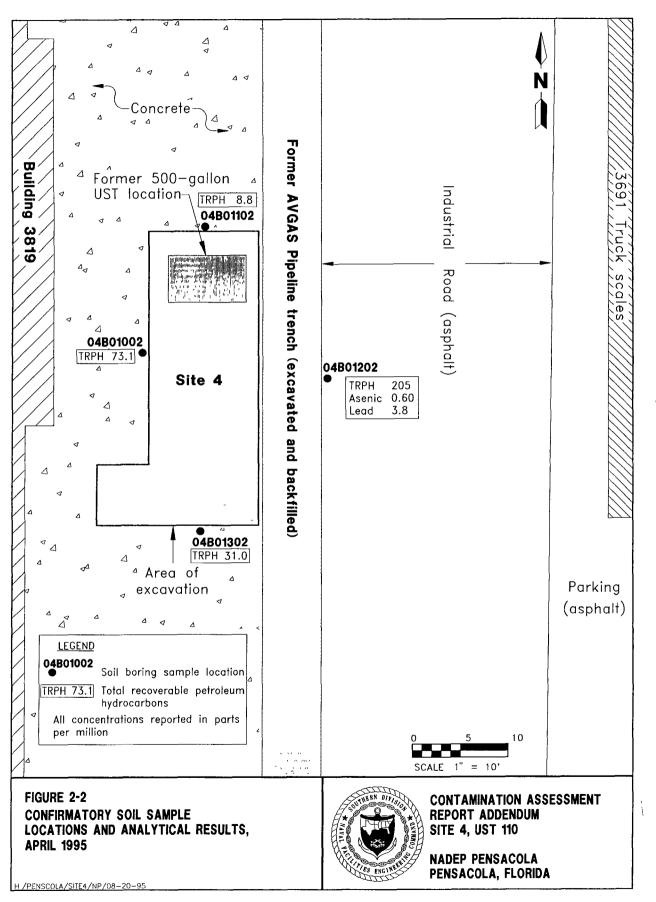
Notes: Total VOA = the sum concentration of benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes.

Total PAH = the sum concentration of PAH compounds detected by USEPA Method 8270A.

NA = not analyzed.

BDL = below detection limits.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The clean soil maximum concentration for TRPH is 50 ppb provided total polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH) does not exceed 100 ppb and total volatile organic halocarbons (VOH) do not exceed 50 ppb. In all other cases the TRPH maximum concentration is 10 ppm (Chapter 62-775.400).



January 23, 1995, and March 20, 1995, respectively, in accordance with ABB-ES' approved CompQAP using an extruded Teflon™ bailer. Samples were placed in the appropriate containers, labeled, packed in ice, and shipped by overnight carrier to Quanterra Environmental Services in Tampa, Florida, for analysis. Laboratory data sheets are presented in Appendix D of this report. Figure 2-3 presents monitoring well locations and sampling results. Table 2-3 presents the laboratory results for each monitoring well.

2.2.1 Temporary Monitoring Well Results On January 23, 1995, ABB-ES personnel collected groundwater sample 04Z00101 from temporary monitoring well 04Z001 immediately after development. The temporary well was removed on the same day. Groundwater sample 04Z00101 was analyzed for Used 0il analytical group parameters in accordance with Chapter 62-770.600 FAC.

No volatile, semivolatile, or PAH concentrations above method detection limits were detected in groundwater sample 04Z00101. The arsenic concentration detected in the groundwater sample was 14.9 ppb. The State drinking water standard for arsenic is 50 ppb. The lead concentration detected in groundwater sample 04Z00101 was 87.8 ppb. The State target level for lead is 50 ppb. One tentatively identified compound (TIC), biphenyl, was detected at a concentration of 13 ppb. No other contaminants were detected.

2.2.2 Permanent Monitoring Well Results Permanent monitoring well 04G001 was installed to reduce suspended sediments which were prevalent in the temporary well. On March 20, 1995, groundwater sample 04G00101 was collected from the permanent well and analyzed for arsenic, cadmium, chromium, and lead. Lead was the only contaminant detected in the sample. The lead concentration detected, 6.0 ppb, was well below the State target level. Monitoring well 04G001 was abandoned on the same day due to BRAC construction activities.

#### Table 2-3 Summary of Groundwater Analytical Results March 29, 1995

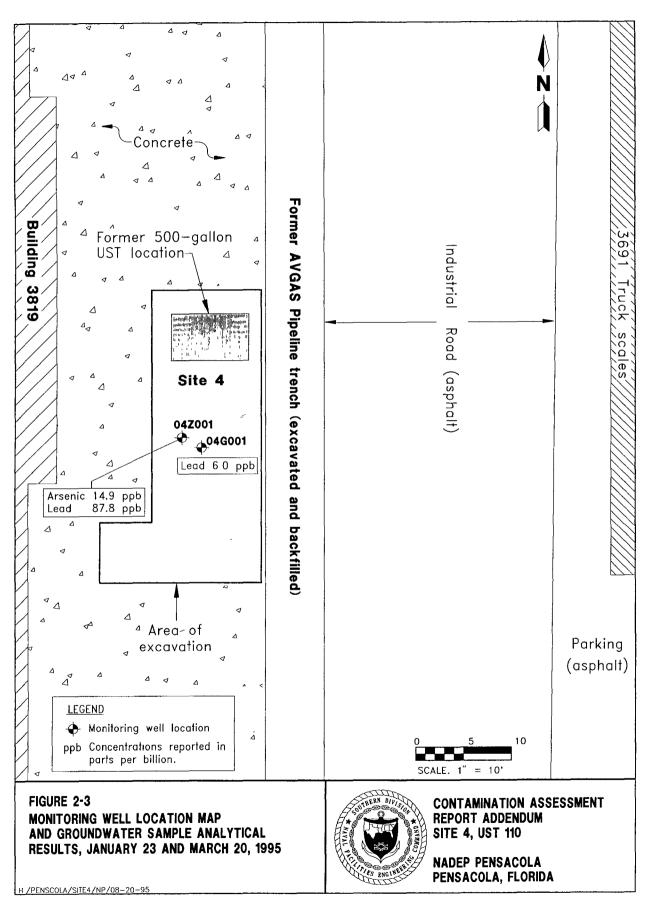
Contamination Assessment Report Addendum Site 4 - UST 110, Naval Aviation Depot Pensacola, Florida

Contaminant	04Z00101	04G00101	State Target Level
Volatile Organic Aromatics (VOA).	Reported in part	s per billion (ppb).	
Benzene	< 1.0	NA	1
Total VOA	<4.0	NA	50
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds	Reported in ppb	•	
Total PAH	<10	NA	100
Total Recoverable Petroleum Hydro	ocarbons (TRPH).	Reported in parts per	million (ppm).
TRPH	< 1.0	NA	5
Total Metals. Reported in ppb.			
Arsenic	14 9	< 5.0	¹50
Cadmium	· <5.0	< 5.0	110
Chromium	< 50.0	< 50.0	¹50
Lead	87.8	6.0	50

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Florida primary drinking water standard: Chapter 62-550 Florida Administrative Code.

Notes: Total VOA = the sum concentration of benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes. PAH = polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons.

NA = not analyzed.



#### 3.0 SUMMARY, CONCLUSIONS, AND RECOMMENDATIONS

- <u>3.1 SUMMARY</u>. Based on the findings of the CA field investigations and laboratory analytical results, the following is a summary of existing conditions at the site.
  - Site soil consists of fine-grained, well sorted sand. The color of the soil ranges from very pale orange to moderate reddish orange.
  - · The source of contamination, the UST, has been removed.
  - The site is entirely covered by asphalt which precludes infiltration of surface runoff or rainfall.
  - · Excessively contaminated soil from the tank excavation area was removed.
  - Laboratory analytical soil sampling results for arsenic, cadmium, chromium, and lead did not exceed State clean soil maximum concentrations.
  - Laboratory analytical soil sampling results for TRPH exceeded the State clean soil maximum concentrations in three of four confirmatory soil samples.
  - The analytical results of the source area groundwater samples indicated no petroleum constituents present in the groundwater. Lead was detected in the temporary well at a concentration of 87.8 ppb, which was attributed to suspended sediments. A permanent well was installed and sampled. The lead concentration in the permanent well was 6.0 ppb. No other contaminant exceeded State target levels in either sampling event.
- $\underline{\textbf{3.2}}$  CONCLUSIONS. Based on the findings of the CA and site conditions, the following can be concluded.
  - All visually contaminated soil was removed from the excavation except in the vicinity of sample location 04B008. Excessively contaminated soil detected in the vicinity of sample locations 04B009 and 04B004 was removed.
  - Stained soil at location 04B008 was sampled and analyzed for TRPH. TRPH concentrations were below method detection limits in the sample.
  - Three confirmatory soil samples collected after the UST excavation were contaminated by TRPH, which may be due to the BRAC construction activities. These soil samples may not be representative of Site 4 soil because the soil has been mixed with asphalt and other construction materials. The high TRPH values are probably a result of the asphalt sub-base material in the soil.
  - Groundwater at Site 4 has not been impacted by the soil contamination detected during this investigation.

- The site is not entirely covered by asphalt which will preclude infiltration of surface water and exposure to the soil beneath the site.
- $\underline{3.3}$  RECOMMENDATIONS. Based on the findings, conclusions, and interpretations of the CA, ABB-ES recommends a No Further Action Proposal (NFAP) for Site 4.

#### 4.0 PROFESSIONAL REVIEW CERTIFICATION

This CAR addendum was prepared under the supervision of a professional geologist registered in the State of Florida using sound hydrogeologic principles and professional judgment. This assessment is based on the geologic investigation and associated information detailed in the text and appended to this report or referenced in public literature. Recommendations are based upon interpretations of the applicable regulatory requirements, guidelines, and relevant issues discussed with regulatory personnel during the site investigation. If conditions that differ from those described are determined to exist, the undersigned geologist should be notified to evaluate the effects of any additional information on this assessment or the recommendations made in this report. This CAR addendum was developed for Site 4-UST 110 at NADEP, NAS Pensacola, Florida, and should not be construed to apply to any other site.

Michael J. Williams Professional Geologist P.G. No. 344

Date

#### REFERENCES

Florida Department of Environmental Regulation, May 1994, Guidelines for Assessment and Remediation of Petroleum Contaminated Soil, Division of Waste Management.

Florida Department of Transportation, 1982, Florida official transportation map.

SITE4UST CAR PMW 08 95

# APPENDIX A GTES CORRESPONDENCE



### GT Environmental Services, Inc.

One Purlieu Place, Suite 205 • Winter Park, FL 32792 • 407/671-0125 • Fax: 407/671-2705

NAS Pensacola/ Chevalier Field Closure Assessment / October 17, 1994 GT Environmental Services, Inc

Tanks 130, 138, 140, 143 had no visual contamination. Analytical was run for lead and TRPH. Contamination was detected on all the above tanks.

Tanks Remo	ved	Contaminated		Method of Detection
#104		Soil/Groundwate	r	Visual
#107		Soil/Groundwate	r	Visual
#110		Soil		Visual
#116		Soil		Visual
#119		Soil/Groundwate	r	Visual
#122		Soil		Visual
#130		Soil	TPH 57 PPM	Analytical
#134	Galv.Tank	Soil		Visual
#136				Visual
#138		Soil	TPH 540 PPM	Analytical
#140			TPH 650 PPM; Lead 10PPM	Analytical
#143		Soil	TPH 49 PPM	Analytical

Note: Soil Samples were taken at points where visual contamination appeared. (Where no visual contamination appeared samples were taken from the ends and middle of soil from underground tanks)

Note: GT Environmental Services, Inc. used an HNU P.I.D. on all tank soil. Due to the heavy oil, the P.I.D. did not pick up any volatiles. We referred to the visual detection as required by the Florida Guidelines for Contamination Assessment for Oil Tanks.

## APPENDIX B LITHOLOGIC LOGS

TITLE: NADEP PENSACOLA	LOG at	I WELL: NA	BORING	NO. 048001		
CLIENT: SOUTHDIVNAVFACENGCOM			PROJEC	T NO: 07527.54		
CONTRACTOR: Southern Waste Services		DATE STARTED: 10/11/94		COMPLTD: 10/11/8	94	
METHOD: Hand Auger	CASE SIZE: NA SCREEN INT.: NA		PROTEC	TION LEVEL: D		
TOC ELEY.: NA FT.	MONITOR INST.: OVA	TOT DPTH: 2FT.	ортн то	<b>DPTH TO</b> ♀ 2.0 FT.		
LOGGED BY: P. Wagner and J. Ullo	WELL DEVELOPMENT DATE: NA		SITE: Si	te 4-UST 110		
DEPTH FT. FT. SAMPLE SAMPLE HEADSPACE (ppm)	SOIL/ROCK DESCRIPT AND COMMENTS	LITHO SYM	SOIL CLASS	BLOWS/6-IN	WELL DATA	
Concr	ete.		SP			
1 SAND.	fine-grained, well sorted, very pale orange,	dry to wet.				
2—						
3—						
4—	PAGE 1 of 04	 	NMENTAL	SERVICES.	INC.	

TITLE: NADEP PENSACOLA		LOG of WELL: NA		BORIN	<b>IG NO.</b> 04B002		
CLIENT: SOUTHDIVNAVFACENGCOM				PROJE	CT NO: 07527.54		
CONTRACTOR: Southern Waste Services		DATE STARTED	<b>):</b> 10/11/94		COMPLTD: 10/11/2	94	
METHOD: Hand Auger	CASE SIZE: NA	SCREEN INT.:	NA	PROTE	PROTECTION LEVEL: 0		
TOC ELEV.: NA FT.	MONITOR INST.: OVA	TOT DPTH: 2FT	•	OPTH T	<b>DPTH TO</b> ¥ 2.0 FT.		
LOGGED BY: P. Wagner and J. Ullo	WELL DEVELOPMENT DA	TE: NA		SITE: S	Gite 4-UST 110		
DEPTH FT. FT. SAMPLE SAMPLE RECOVERY HEADSPACE (ppm)	SOIL/ROCK DE AND COMM		LITHOLOGIC SYMBOL	SOIL CLASS	BLOWS/6-IN	WELL DATA	
Concre	ete. fine-grained, well sorted, very pale	e orange to grayish orange, dry t		SP		ν.	
4—	PAGE 1 o	f 04B002 <b>ABE</b>	ENVIRO	MENTA	L SERVICES.	INC.	

TITLE: NADEP PENSACOLA	LOG of	WELL: NA	<b>BORING NO.</b> 048003	
CLIENT: SOUTHDIVNAVFACENGCOM			PROJECT NO: 07527.54	
CONTRACTOR: Southern Waste Service	s	DATE STARTED: 10/11/94	COMPLTD: 10/11/9	14
METHOD: Hand Auger	CASE SIZE: NA	SCREEN INT.: NA	PROTECTION LEVEL: 0	
TOC ELEV.: NA FT.	MONITOR INST.: OVA	TOT DPTH: 2FT.	<b>□PTH TO 및</b> 2.0 FT.	
LOGGED BY: P. Wagner and J. Ullo WELL DEVELOPMENT DATE: NA SITE: Site 4-UST 110				
DEPTH FT. SAMPLE SAMPLE HEADSPACE (ppm)	SOIL/ROCK DESCRIPTI AND COMMENTS	LITHOL	SOIL CLASS BLOMS/6-IN	WELL DATA
CLAY node	rete.  (EY SAND clay to fine-grained sand, 25 to 30% crate reddish brown, dry.  Of fine-grained, well sorted, mottled moderate retracted reddish orange, damp to wet.	d clay, poorly sorted,	SP SP	<b>▼</b>
4—	PAGE 1 of 04B	003 ABB ENVIRO	' NMENTAL SERVICES, I	NC.

TITLE: NADEP PENSACOLA	LOG of	WELL: NA	BORIN	<b>IG NO.</b> 048004				
CLIENT: SOUTHDIVNAVFACENGCOM	'		PROJE	PROJECT NO: 07527.54				
CONTRACTOR: Southern Waste Services		DATE STARTED: 10/11/9	4	COMPLTD: 10/11/8	94			
METHOD: Hand Auger CA	ASE SIZE: NA	SCREEN INT.: NA	PROTEC	CTION LEVEL: D				
TOC ELEV.: NA FT. MO	ONITOR INST.: OVA	TOT DPTH: 2FT.		<b>'0 ♀</b> 2.0 FT.				
LOGGED BY: P. Wagner and J. Ullo WELL DEVELOPMENT DATE: NA SITE: Site 4-UST 110								
CEPTH SAMPLE TO	SOIL/ROCK DESCRIPTI AND COMMENTS	LITHOLOGIC	SOIL CLASS	BLOWS/6-IN	WELL DATA			
CLAYEY SAI moderate re	AND clay to fine-grained sand, 25 to 30% reddish brown, dry.  -grained, well sorted, mottled moderate reeddish orange with a layer of black odorld	d clay, poorly sorted,			₹			
	PAGE 1 of 04B	004 ABB ENVI	RONMENTA	L SERVICES.	INC.			

TITLE: NADEP PENSACOLA	LOG	WELL: NA		BORT	<b>NG NO.</b> 04B005	
CLIENT: SOUTHDIVNAVFACENGCOM			CT NO: 07527.54			
CONTRACTOR: Southern Waste Services		DATE STARTED: 1	0/11/94	1	COMPLTD: 10/11/	94
METHOD: Hand Auger CASE SIZE: No.	Α	SCREEN INT.: NA		PROTE	CTION LEVEL:	
TOC ELEV.: NA FT. MONITOR INST		TOT DPTH: 2FT.			<b>TO</b> ♀ 2.0 FT.	
	PMENT DATE: NA	•		-	Site 4-UST IIO	
PECOVERY SAMPLE IO: SAMPLE IO: (Ppm)	L/ROCK DESCRIPT AND COMMENTS	ION	LITHOLOGIC SYMBOL	SOIL CLASS	BLOWS/6-IN	WELL DATA
Concrete.  SAND fine-grained, well sor to wet				SP		***************************************
Р	'AGE 1 of 04E	8005 <b>ABB</b> E	NVIRON	MENTA	AL SERVICES.	INC.

TITLE: NADEP PENSACOLA	LOG af	WELL: NA	<b>BORING NO.</b> 04B008			
CLIENT: SOUTHDIVNAVFACENGCOM		1.	PROJECT NO: 07527.54			
CONTRACTOR: Southern Waste Services		DATE STARTED: 10/11/94	COMPLTD: 10/11/94			
METHOD: Hand Auger	CASE SIZE: NA	SCREEN INT.: NA	PROTECTION LEVEL: D			
TOC ELEV.: NA FT.	MONITOR INST.: OVA	TOT DPTH: 1.5FT.	<b>DPTH TO </b> ¶ 1.5 FT.			
LOGGED BY: P. Wagner and J. Ullo	WELL DEVELOPMENT DATE: NA		SITE: Site 4-UST 110			
DEPTH FIT SAMPLE SAMPLE (Ppm)	SOIL/ROCK DESCRIPT: AND COMMENTS	LITHO	SOIL CLASS BLOWS/6-IN	WELL DATA		
SAND. yellow	ele.  fine— to medium—grained, well sorted, very parish brown, damp.  fine— to medium—grained, well sorted, pale yearish brown, damp to wet.	ale orange to pale		<b>↓</b>		
4	PAGE 1 of 04E	3006 <b>ABB ENVIRO</b>	NMENTAL SERVICES, IN	IC.		

TITLE: NADEP PENSACOLA	LOG at	WELL: NA		BORIN	<b>IG NO.</b> 04B007				
CLIENT: SOUTHDIVNAVFACENGCOM		PROJECT NO: 07527.54							
CONTRACTOR: Southern Waste Services		DATE STARTED: 10/1	1/94	COMPLTD: 10/11/94					
METHOD: Hand Auger	CASE SIZE: NA	SCREEN INT.: NA		PROTE	CTION LEVEL: D				
TOC ELEV.: NA FT.	MONITOR INST: OVA	TOT DPTH: 2.0FT.		OPTH 1	<b>TO ♀</b> 2.0 FT.				
LOGGED BY: P. Wagner and J. Ullo	WELL DEVELOPMENT DATE: NA			SITE:	Site 4-UST IIO				
DEPTH FT. SAMPLE SAMPLE COVERY HEADSPACE (ppm)	SOIL/ROCK DESCRIPT AND COMMENTS	ION	LITHOLOGIC SYMBOL	SOIL CLASS	BLOWS/6-IN	WELL DATA			
CLAYE moder	ete. EY SAND 15% clay, very fine- to fine-grained ate reddish brown, dry.	-		SC					
2—	fine-grained, well sorted, dark yellowish brow	n, damp to wet.				y			
3—									
4—	PAGE 1 of 04E	8007 ABB EN	VIRON	IMENT <i>A</i>	AL SERVICES,	INC.			

TITLE: NADEP PENSACOLA	LOG of	WELL: NA	BORIN	IG NO. 048008					
CLIENT: SOUTHDIVNAVFACENGCOM			PROJE	PROJECT NO: 07527.54					
CONTRACTOR: Southern Waste Services		DATE STARTED: 10/11/94	· .	COMPLTD: 10/11/94					
METHOD: Hand Auger	CASE SIZE: NA	SCREEN INT.: NA	PROTE	CTION LEVEL: D					
TOC ELEV.: NA FT.	MONITOR INST.: OVA	TOT DPTH: 2.0FT.	ר אדקם	「 <b>0 ♀</b> 2.0 FT.					
LOGGED BY: P. Wagner and J. Ullo	WELL DEVELOPMENT DATE: NA			Site 4-UST 110					
DEPTH FT. SAMPLE SAMPLE COVERY (Ppm)	SOIL/ROCK DESCRIPT AND COMMENTS	LITHOL OGIC SYMBOL	SOIL CLASS	BLOWS/6-IN	WELL DATA				
CLAY! moder	ete  EY SAND. 20% clay, very fine— to fine—grained ate reddish brown to light red, dry.  fine—grained, well sorted, pale yellowish oran several thin layers of black greasy material at	ge mottled with dark			Ţ				
4—	PAGE 1 of 04B	ı 008 <b>ABB ENVIR</b> ı	I ONMENTA	  L SERVICES,	INC.				

TITLE: NADEP Pensacola AVGAS Pipelir	e Area	LOG of	WELL: 04G001		BORI	NG NO. NA			
CLIENT: SOUTHNAVFACENGCOM					PROJECT NO: 7527.54				
CONTRACTOR: Groundwater Protection,	Inc.		DATE STARTED: 2	/14/95	COMPLTD: 2/14/95				
METHOD: 4.25" ID HSA	CASE SIZE: 2-inch		SCREEN INT.: 2'-	12'	PROTE	CTION LEVEL: D			
FOC ELEV.: NM FT.	MONITOR INST: OVA		TOT OPTH: 12FT.		OPTH	<b>TO</b> ♀ 2.0 FT.			
.OGGED BY: P. Wagner	WELL DEVELOPMENT D	DATE: 2/	5/95		SITE:	4, UST 110			
SAMPLE TO SAMPLE	SOIL/ROCK D AND COM		10N	LITHOLOGIC SYMBOL	SOIL CLASS	BLOWS/6-IN	WELL DATA		
1— 2— 3— 4— 5—	RETE  red, sandy clay  fine-grained, well sorted, very pa	ale orange, s	vet to saturated.		SP				
	PAGE 1	of 040	001 ABB E	NVIRON	IMENTA	AL SERVICES,	INC.		

# APPENDIX C LABORATORY ANALYTICAL DATA FOR SOIL

#### 07/21/95 NADEP AVGAS PIPELINE SITE 4 14:11:34

Lab Sample Number: Site Locator Collect Date: B4J2700400 NADEP 04B00901 26-OCT-94 QUAL UNITS

VALUE DL

GC Semi-Volatiles			
PCB-1016	1.1 U	mg/kg	1.1
PCB-1221	1.1 U	mg/kg	1.1
PCB-1232	1.1 บ	mg/kg	1.1
PCB-1242	1.1 บ	mg/kg	1.1
PCB-1248	1.1 บ	mg/kg	1.1
PCB+1254	1.1 ป	mg/kg	1.1
PCB-1260	1.1 บ	mg/kg	1.1
GC/MS Volatiles			
Acrolein	53 U	ug/kg	53
Acrylonîtrile	53 U	ug/kg	53
Benzene	5.3 U	ug/kg	5.3
Bromodichloromethane	5.3 U	ug/kg	5.3
Bromoform	5.3 U	ug/kg	5.3
Bromomethane	5.3 ม	ug/kg	5.3
Carbon tetrachloride	5.3 U	ug/kg	5.3
Chlorobenzene	5.3 U	ug/kg	5.3
Dibromochloromethane	5.3 U	ug/kg	5.3
Chloroethane	5.3 U	ug/kg	5.3
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	5.3 U	ug/kg	5.3
Chloroform	5.3 Ų	ug/kg	5.3
Chloromethane	5.3 U	ug/kg	5.3
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	1700 U	ug/kg	1700
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	1700 U	ug/kg	1700
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	5.3 U	ug/kg	5.3
1,1-Dichloroethane	5.3 U	ug/kg	5 <b>.3</b>
1,2-Dichloroethane	5.3 U	ug/kg	5.3
1,1-Dichloroethene	5.3 บ	ug/kg	5.3
cîs-1,2-Dîchloroethene	5.3 U	ug/kg	5.3
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5.3 ป	ug/kg	5.3
1,2-Dichloropropane	5.3 U	ug/kg	5.3
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5.3 U	ug/kg	5.3
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5,3 Ų	ug/kg	5.3
Ethylbenzene	5.3 U	ug/kg	5.3
Trichlorofluoromethane	5.3 U	ug/kg	5.3
Methylene chloride	5.3 ป	ug/kg	5.3
1,1,2,2+Tetrachloroethane	5.3 U	ug/kg	5.3
Tetrachloroethene	5.3 บ	ug/kg	5.3
Toluene	5.3 U	ug/kg	5.3
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5.3 U	ug/kg	5.3
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5.3 U	ug/kg	5.3
Trichloroethene	5.3 U	ug/kg	5.3
Vînyl chloride	5.3 U	ug/kg	5.3
Xylenes, Total	5.3 U	ug/kg	5.3
GC/MS Semi-Volatiles			
Acenaphthene	1700 ป	ug/kg	1700
Acenaphthylene	1700 U	ug/kg	1700
Anthracene	1700 U	ug/kg	1700
Benzidine	9000 U	ug/kg	9000
Benzo(a)anthracene	1700 U	ug/kg	1700
÷			

#### 07/21/95 NADEP AVGAS PIPELINE SITE 4 14:11:34

Lab Sample Number: Site Locator B4J2700400 NADEP 04B00901

Collect Date:

26-OCT-94
VALUE QUAL UNITS

DL

Benzo(b)fluoranthene 1700 U ug/kg 1700 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 1700 U ug/kg 1700 Benzo(ghi)perylene 1700 U Benzo(a)pyrene ug/kg 1700 Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane 1700 U 1700 ug/kg Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether 1700 U ug/kg 1700 Bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether 1700 1700 U ug/kg Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate 1700 U ug/kg 1700 4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether 1700 U 1700 ug/kg Butyl benzyl phthalate 1700 U ug/kg 1700 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol 1700 U ug/kg 1700 2-Chloronaphthalene 1700 U ug/kg 1700 2-Chlorophenol 1700 U 1700 ug/kg 4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether 1700 U 1700 ug/kg Chrysene 1700 U 1700 ug/kg Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 1700 U ug/kg 1700 Di-n-butyl phthalate 1700 U ug/kg 1700 1.2-Dichlorobenzene 1700 U 1700 ug/kg 1.3-Dichlorobenzene 1700 U 1700 ug/kg 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 5.3 U ug/kg 5.3 3.3'-Dichlorobenzidine 9000 U ug/kg 9000 2,4-Dichlorophenol 1700 U ug/kg 1700 Diethyl phthalate 1700 U 1700 ug/kg 2.4-Dimethylphenol 1700 U 1700 ug/kg Dimethyl phthalate 1700 U 1700 ug/kg Di-n-octyl phthalate 1700 U ug/kg 1700 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol 9000 U ug/kg 9000 2.4-Dinitrophenol 9000 U 9000 ug/kg 2.4-Dinitrotoluene 1700 1700 U ug/kg 2,6-Dinitrotoluene 1700 U 1700 ug/kg Fluoranthene 1700 U ug/kg 1700 1700 Fluorene 1700 U ug/kg Hexach Lorobenzene 1700 U ug/kg 1700 Hexachlorocyclopentadiene 1700 1700 U ua/ka Hexachloroethane 1700 U ug/kg 1700 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 1700 U 1700 ug/kg Isophorone 1700 U ug/kg 1700 Naphthalene 1700 1700 U ug/kg Nitrobenzene 1700 U 1700 ug/kg 2-Nitrophenol 1700 U ug/kg 1700 4-Nitrophenol 9000 U 9000 ug/kg N-Nitrosodimethylamine 1700 U ug/kg 1700 N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine 1700 U 1700 ug/kg N-Nitrosodiphenylamine 1700 U ug/kg 1700 Pentachlorophenol 9000 U ug/kg 9000 Phenanthrene 1700 U ug/kg 1700 Phenol 1700 U 1700 ug/kg Pyrene 1700 U 1700 ug/kg 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene 1700 U 1700 ug/kg 2,4,6-Trichlorophenot 1700 U ug/kg 1700 Hexach Lorobutadiene 1700 U ug/kg 1700

·			<del></del>	07/21/95	NADEP AVGAS PIPELINE SITE 4 14:11:34
	Lab Sample Number: Site Locator Collect Date:	N/ 04B( 26-6	700400 ADEP 00901 DCT-94 L UNITS	DL	
TOTAL METALS Cadmium Chromium Arsenic Lead		.3 J 2.4 J .68 23	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	.5 2.5 .25 2,5	

		07,	21/95 NADEP AVGAS	PIPELINE SITE	4 08:34:07				
Lab Sample Number: SITE Locator Collect Date:	0	6D1400490 NADEP 04B01002 11-APR-95 NUAL UNITS	04 11	1400490 NADEP B01102 I-APR-95 JAL UNITS	0 1	D1400490 NADEP 4B01202 1-APR-95 UAL UNITS	0	D1400490 NADEP 4B01302 1-APR-95 UAL UNITS	
TRPH Petroleum Hydrocarbons, Total	73.1	mg/kg	8.8	mg/kg	205	mg/kg	31	mg/kg	
TOTAL METALS Cadmium Chromium Arsenic Lead	.58 2.9 .29 2.9	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	.51 2.6 .26 2.6	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	.52 2.6 .6 3.8	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/ka	.53 2.7 .27 2.7	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg ma/kg	

## APPENDIX D LABORATORY ANALYTICAL DATA FOR GROUNDWATER

# 07/26/95 NADEP AVGAS PIPELINE SITE 4 14:04:47 Lab Sample Number: B5C2300570 B5A2400380 Site NADEP AVGAS NADEP AVGAS Locator 04G00101 04Z00101 Collect Date: 21-MAR-95 23-JAN-95 VALUE QUAL UNITS DL VALUE QUAL UNITS DL

GC/MS Volatiles			_	
Acrolein	<del>-</del>	10 U	ug/l	10
Acrylonitrile	•	10 U	ug/l	10
Benzene	•	1 บ	ug/l	1
Bromodichloromethan <del>e</del>	-	1 U	ug/l	1
Bromoform	-	1 บ	ug/l	1
Bromomethane	-	1 U	ug/l	1
Carbon tetrachlori <b>de</b>	-	1 U	ug/l	1
Chlorobenzene	-	1 U	ug/l	1
Dibromochloromethane	-	1 U	ug/l	1
Chloroethane	•	1 U	ug/l	1
2-Chloroethyl vînyl ether	•	1 U	ug/l	1
Chloroform	<b>+</b>	1 U	ug/l	1
Chloromethane	+	1 ປ	ug/l	1
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	-	10 U	ug/l	10
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	-	1 U	ug/l	1
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	-	1 U	ug/l	1
1,1-Dichloroethane	-	1 0	ug/l	1
1,2-Dichloroethane	<del>-</del>	1 U	ug/l	1
1,1-Dichloroethene	<b>+</b>	1 U	ug/l	1
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	•	1 Ü	ug/l	1
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	-	i ū	ug/l	1
1,2-Dichloropropane	_	1 Ū	ug/l	1
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	-	i ū	ug/l	1
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	*	i Ū	ug/l	1
Ethylbenzene	•	1 Ū	ug/l	1
Trichlorofluoromethane	<b></b>	1 Ŭ	ug/l	1
Methylene chloride	•	i Ū	ug/l	1
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	-	i Ū	ug/l	1
Tetrachloroethene	-	i ŭ	ug/l	i
Toluene	-	i ŭ	ug/l	i
1,1.1-Trichloroethane	-	1 Ŭ	ug/l	i
1,1,2-Trichloroethane		iŭ	ug/l	i
Trichloroethene	-	ίŭ	ug/l	i
Vînyl chloride	_	ίŭ	ug/l	i
Xylenes, Total	<u> </u>	1 U	ug/l	i
Aytonesy Istal		1 0	ug/ t	'
GC/MS Semi-Volatiles				
Acenaphthene	-	10 U	ug/l	10
Acenaphthylene	_	10 U	ug/l	10
Anthracene	_	10 U	ug/l	10
Benzidine	_	50 U	ug/l	50
Benzo(a)anthracene	_	10 U	ug/l	10
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	_	10 U	ug/l ug/l	10
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	_	10 U		10
	_	10 0	ug/l	10
Benzo(ghi)perylene	-			10
Benzo(a)pyrene	•	10 U	ug/l	10 10
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane		10 U	ug/l	10
Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether	<del>*</del>	10 U	ug/l	10
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether	<b>+</b>	10 U	ug/l	10
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	<b>-</b>	10 U	ug/l	10
4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	-	10 U	ug/l	10

		07,	/26/95 NAD	EP AVG	AS PIPELIN	E SITE	4 14:04	:47
Lab Sample Number:	B5C2300	1570		D	5A2400380			
Lab Sample Mumber: Site	NADEP A				ADEP AVGAS	,		
Locator	04G001				04Z00101	,		
Collect Date:	21-MAR				23-JAN-95			
VALUE	QUAL L		. VAL		QUAL UNITS	DL		
<u> </u>								
Butyl benzyl phthalate	-			10			10	
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	-			10			10	
2-Chloronaphthalene	-			10			10	
2-Chlorophenol	-			10		•	10	
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether	~			10			10	
Chrysene	-			10	•		10	
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	-			10		•	10	
Dî-n-butyl phthalate 1.2-Dîchlorobenzene	•			10 I		,	10 10	
1,3-Dichtorobenzene	<del>.</del>							
	-			1 1	•		1	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	-			1 i 50 i			1 50	
2.4-Dichlorophenol	_			10				
Diethyl phthalate	-			10			10 10	
2,4-Dimethylphenol	-			10			10	
Dimethyl phthalate	_			10			10	
Di-n-octyl phthalate	_			10			10	
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	_			50			50	
2,4-Dinitrophenot	-			50			50	
2,4-Dinitrophenot	-			10			10	
2,6-Dinitrotoluene				10			10	
Fluoranthene	_			10			10	
Fluorene	•			10			10	
Hexachlorobenzene	_			10			10	
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	_			10			10	
Hexachtoroethane	-			10			10	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	<del></del>			10			10	
Isophorone	+			10			10	
Naphthalene	_			10			10	
Nitrobenzene	-			10			10	
2-Nîtrophenol	-			10			10	
4-Nitrophenot	_			50			50	
N-Nîtrosodimethylamine	+			10			10	
N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine	-			10			10	
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	-			10			10	
Pentachlorophenol	~			50			50	
Phenanthrene	-			10			10	
Phenol	•			10			10	
Pyrene	+			10			10	
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	+			10			10	
2,4,6-Trichlorophenot				10			10	
Hexachlorobutadiene	-			10			10	
TOTAL METALS								
Cadmium	5 U	ug/l	5	5 (	U ug/l		5	
Chromium	50 U	ug/l	50	50			50	
Arsenic	Š ŭ	ug/l	5	14.9	ug/l		5	
Lead	6	ug/l	5	87.8	ug/l		5	